

# CALICUT UNIVERSITY – FOUR-YEAR UNDER GRADUATE PROGRAMME (CU-FYUGP)

## **Physical Education**

# PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (PO):

At the end of the graduate program at Calicut University, a student would:

PO 1	Demonstrate a profound understanding of knowledge trends and their impact on the chosen discipline of study.
PO 2	Demonstrate professional skills to navigate diverse career paths with confidence and adaptability.
PO 3	Demonstrate mastery of varied digital and technological tools to understand and interact with the digital world, thus effectively processing complex information.
PO 4	Become a successful professional who drives positive change through effective communication, collaborative acumen, transformative leadership, and a dedication to inclusivity.
PO 5	Emerge as an innovative problem-solver and impactful mediator, applying scientific understanding and critical thinking to address challenges and advance sustainable solutions.
PO 6	Become a responsible leader, characterized by an unwavering commitment to human values, ethical conduct, and a fervent dedication to the well-being of society and the environment
PO 7	Emerge as an innovative researcher and entrepreneurial leader, leveraging collaborative partnerships with industry, academia, and communities, thus contributing to local, regional, and global development

Programme	MDC Physical Education						
Course Code	PEN1FM105(1)						
Course Title	INTRODUCT	ION TO YO	GA AND STR	ESS MANAG	EMENT		
Type of Course	MDC I (1)						
Semester	1						
Academic	100-199						
Level							
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours		
		week	per week	per week			
	3	2	ı	1	45		
Pre-requisites	Introduction to	yoga, stress, a	nd various str	ess managemer	nt techniques		
Course	Modern life be	came better, e	asier and mor	e comfortable	because of the		
Summary	inventions of m			•			
	life less kinetic and became less physically active. The people face many						
	fitness problems mainly physical and mental fitness issues. Most of the						
	* *	people including youngsters are facing metal stresses which make their					
	life more diffic	ult. Yoga is tl	ne best contrib	oution of our C	Great Nation to		

the world. This gives awareness and knowledge about basics of yoga and asana to have healthy and fit citizens.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After the completion of the course students will be able to:

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledge Category#	Evaluation tools used
CO1	Introducing yoga and its origin. Understanding types of yoga, limbs of yoga, kriyas. application mudras.	U & Ap	F & C	Quiz/Presentations/Internal exam
CO2	Knowledge about the classification of asanas, suryanamaskar, its benefits and apply it in daily life.	U and Ap	C & P	Multi media Presentations / Discussions/ Seminar/ Internal exam
CO3	Analyse and application of pranayama, its classification and benefits of it in day today life.	An and Ap	C & P	Presentations/ Discussions/ Internal exam Debates/Seminars
CO4	Understand stress, analyse and evaluate the physiological effect of yoga on stress through various yogic techniques	U, E &Ap	C, P & M	Presentations/ Assignments/Debates/ Internal exam
CO5	Develop skills and awareness to understand yoga, various types of asana, practicing various yogic techniques to release stress.	An, E & Ap	C, P &M	Debates/Multi-media Presentations/ Internal exam

Cognitive Level\* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

**Knowledge Category#** - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

Module	Unit	CONTENT	Hours 45	Marks 50	
I	INTE	RODUCTION TO YOGA AND ITS CLASSIFICATION	6	10	
	1 Introduction to Yoga- Meaning- Definition and History.				
	2	Types of Yoga –Bhakthi Yoga- Jnana Yoga- Karma Yoga and Raja Yoga.	1		
	3	Ashtanga Yoga ( 8 Limbs of Yoga).	1		
	4	Introduction to Mudras and Various Cleansing Techniques.	2		
II		ODUCTION TO ASANAS - DEFINITION AND ITS SSIFICATION. SURYANAMASKAR AND ITS BENEFITS.	14	18	

5	Definition and Benefits of Asanas. Loosening Exercise				
6	Classification of Asanas- According to Purpose- Relaxative, Meditative and Cultural.	2			
7	Classification of Asanas - According to Performance- standing, sitting, prone and supine. <b>Standing Asanas</b> - Ardhakadichakrasana, Ardhachakrasana, Padahasthasa, Trikonasana, Parivrtta Trikonasana.	4			
8	Sitting asanas – Vajrasana, Sasankasana Pascimottanasa, Vakrasana, Ardhamatsyendrasana.	1			
9	<b>Prone -</b> Bhujangasana , Salabhasana. <b>Supine</b> — Uttanpadasana Pavanamuktasana.	1			
10	Classification of Asanas - Exercises. According to body Movements - forward bending, backward bending, twisting and balancing.	2			
11	Introduction to Suryanamaskar (The Sun Salutation) – Techniques of Suryanamarkar with proper breathing paterns and its benefits. Practice of Suryanamaskar	2			
		6	10		
12	Definition and Benefits of Pranayama.	2			
13	Breathing Exercises – Diaphragmatic Breathing, Puraka, Rechaka and Kumbaka and its types	2			
14	Classification of Pranayama and its Techniques- Chandra Bhedana, Surya Bhedana and Nadisudhi.	2			
YOG	GIC STRESS MANAGEMENT	10	12		
15	Meaning and definition of stress Types of Stress - Eustress, Acute stress, Episodic Acute Stress, Chronic stress and Distress	3			
16	Stressors- Physical, Psychological, Psychosocial and Psycho spiritual.	2			
17	Physiological Effect of Yoga on stress.	1			
17	Various yogic stress management techniques- IRT, QRT, DRT, NSDR (Non Sleep Deep Rest Protocol)	2			
19	Cyclic Meditation and Yoga Nidra	2			
	Open Ended Module: This unit is customizable by the instructor. Topics car be chosen based on the interests of the class.	9 hours	5 marks out of 20 internal marks		
1	Ardhachakrasana, Padahasthasa, Trikonasana, Parivrtta Trikonasana Sitting asanas – Vajrasana, Sasankasana Pascimottanasa, Vakrasana Ardhamatsyendrasana. Prone - Bhujangasana , Salabhasana. Supine - Uttanpadasana Pavanamuktasana.	,			
2	<b>Practice of mudras and pranayamas</b> : Diaphragmatic Breathing, Puraka Rechaka and Kumbaka and its types. Chandra Bhedana, Surya Bhedana and				
	6  7  8  9  10  11  INTICLA  12  13  14  YOC  15  16  17  17  19	Classification of Asanas - According to Purpose- Relaxative, Meditative and Cultural.  7 Classification of Asanas - According to Performance- standing, sitting, prone and supine. Standing Asanas - Ardhakadichakrasana, Ardhachakrasana, Padahasthasa, Trikonasana, Parivrtta Trikonasana .  8 Sitting asanas - Vajrasana, Sasankasana Pascimottanasa, Vakrasana, Ardhamatsyendrasana.  9 Prone - Bhujangasana , Salabhasana. Supine - Uttanpadasana Pavanamuktasana.  10 Classification of Asanas - Exercises. According to body Movements - forward bending, backward bending, twisting and balancing.  11 Introduction to Suryanamaskar (The Sun Salutation) - Techniques of Suryanamarkar with proper breathing paterns and its benefits. Practice of Suryanamaskar  INTRODUCTION TO PRANAYAMA, DEFINITION, BENEFITS AND ITS CLASSIFICATION.  12 Definition and Benefits of Pranayama.  13 Breathing Exercises - Diaphragmatic Breathing, Puraka, Rechaka and Kumbaka and its types  14 Classification of Pranayama and its Techniques- Chandra Bhedana, Surya Bhedana and Nadisudhi.  VOGIC STRESS MANAGEMENT  15 Meaning and definition of stress Types of Stress - Eustress, Acute stress, Episodic Acute Stress, Chronic stress and Distress  16 Stressors- Physical, Psychological, Psychosocial and Psycho spiritual.  17 Physiological Effect of Yoga on stress.  18 Various yogic stress management techniques- IRT, QRT, DRT, NSDR (Non Sleep Deep Rest Protocol)  19 Cyclic Meditation and Yoga Nidra  Open Ended Module: This unit is customizable by the instructor. Topics car be chosen based on the interests of the class.  1 Practice of various asanas: Standing Asanas - Ardhakadichakrasana Ardhamatsyendrasana, Padahasthasa, Trikonasana, Parivrtta Trikonasana Sitting asanas - Vajrasana, Sasankasana Pascimottanasa, Vakrasana Ardhamatsyendrasana, Prone - Bhujangasana , Salabhasana. Supine - Uttanpadasana Pavanamuktasana.  2 Practice of mudras and pranayamas: Diaphragmatic Breathing, Puraka	Classification of Asanas - According to Purpose- Relaxative, Meditative and Cultural.  7 Classification of Asanas - According to Performance - standing, sitting, prone and supine. Standing Asanas - Ardhakadichakrasana, Ardhachakrasana, Padahasthasa, Trikonasana, Parivrita Trikonasana .  8 Sitting asanas - Vajrasana, Sasankasana Pascimottanasa, Vakrasana, Ardhamatsyendrasana.  9 Prone - Bhujangasana , Salabhasana. Supine - Uttanpadasana Pavanamuktasana .  10 Classification of Asanas - Exercises. According to body Movements - forward bending, backward bending, twisting and balancing .  11 Introduction to Suryanamaskar (The Sun Salutation) - Techniques of Suryanamarkar with proper breathing paterns and its benefits. Practice of Suryanamaskar with proper breathing paterns and its benefits. Practice of Suryanamaskar and Introduction and Benefits of Pranayama.  12 Definition and Benefits of Pranayama.  13 Breathing Exercises - Diaphragmatic Breathing, Puraka, Rechaka and Kumbaka and its types  14 Classification of Pranayama and its Techniques- Chandra Bhedana, Surya Bhedana and Nadisudhi.  VOGIC STRESS MANAGEMENT  15 Meaning and definition of stress Types of Stress - Eustress, Acute stress, Episodic Acute Stress, Chronic stress and Distress  16 Stressors- Physical, Psychological, Psychosocial and Psycho spiritual.  2 Physiological Effect of Yoga on stress.  17 Various yogic stress management techniques- IRT, QRT, DRT, NSDR (Non Sleep Deep Rest Protocol)  19 Cyclic Meditation and Yoga Nidra  2 Open Ended Module: This unit is customizable by the instructor. Topics can be chosen based on the interests of the class.  1 Practice of various asanas: Standing Asanas - Ardhakadichakrasana, Ardhandakrasana, Padahasthasa, Trikonasana, Parivrita Trikonasana - Sitting asanas - Vajrasana, Sasankasana Pascimottanasa, Vakrasana, Ardhamatsyendrasana Prone - Bhujangasana , Salabhasana. Supine - Uttanpadasana Pavanamuktasana.  2 Practice of mudras and pranayamas: Diaphragmatic Breathing, Puraka,		

		Nadisudhi.	
3	3	Practicing suryanamaskar: Suryanamarkar with proper breathing paterns	
		and its benefits.	
		Activities and assessment of Open ended	
		For the open-ended module, here are suggested activities and evaluation	
		methods aligned with the potential topics:	

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Joshi, K.S., (1997), Yoga in daily life, Delhi Oriented paper backs.
- 2. Nagendra, H.R., (2004) Yoga its basics and application, Bangalore: Vivekanandha Kendra Yoga Publication.
- 3. Prbhavananda Swami., (2002) Patanjali Yoga Sutras, Chennai: Sri Ramakrishna Math.
- 4. Saraswati Sathyananda Swami., (2005) Yoga Nidra, Bhihar : Yoga Publicatiion Trust Journal and periodicals.
- 5. Muktibodhananda, S. (2008). Hatha Yoga Pradipika. Munger, Bihar. India: Yoga Publications Trust.
- 6. Iyengar, B. K. S. (2008). Light on life: The journey to wholeness, inner peace and ultimate freedom. Pan Macmillan.
- 7. Nagendra, H. R. (1988). New perspectives in stress management. Vivekananda Kendra Yoga Anusandhana Samsthan.
- 8. Biju Lona K (2023) Physical education and yoga, Maximum publishers Kinfra park Koratty
- 9. Nagarathna, R., Nagendra, H. R., & Telles, S. (1999). Yoga Health and disease. Kaohsiung J Med Sci, 2, 96–104.
- 10. Saraswati, S. S., & Hiti, J. K. (1984). Yoga nidra. Bihar School of Yoga Munger. Hartranft, C. (2003). The Yoga-Sutra of Patanjali: A new translation with commentary. Shambhala Publications.
- 11. Nagarajan Karuna.et.al.(1999) YIC Practical Self Learning Material, published by Swami Vivekananda Yoga Prakasana.

#### Mapping of COs with POs

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	1	1	1	2	1
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	1	2	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	2	1

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

## **Assessment Rubrics:**

- Quiz / Assignment/ Debates/ Discussion / Seminar
- Midterm Exam
- Final Exam (70%)

## Mapping of COs to Assessment Rubrics:

СО	Internal Exam	Assignment	Discussion/ Debates	Quiz	Seminar	Multi-Media Presentations	End Semester Examination
CO 1	<b>✓</b>			<b>√</b>		<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>
CO 2	<b>✓</b>		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	✓
CO 3	<b>✓</b>		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓
CO 4	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>	<b>/</b>
CO 5	<b>✓</b>						<b>/</b>

# I Semester CUFYUGP Degree Examinations Course Code:

Introduction to Yoga and Stress Management (Credits: 3)

Maximum Time: 1.5 hours Maximum Marks: 50

#### **Section A**

[ Answer Any 8. Each question carries 2 marks] (Ceiling: 16 marks)

- 1. Four vedas
- 2. Asana in Prone and supine posture.
- 3. Name eight limbs of yoga
- 4. Benefits of asanas
- 5. Pranayama
- 6. Chandrabhedasana
- 7. Padahasthasana
- 8. Stress
- 9. QRT

## 10. Loosening exercise

#### **Section B**

[Answer Any 4. Each question carries 6 marks] (Ceiling: 24 marks)

- 11. Explain Ashtangayoga
- 12. Various classification of asana and its benefits.
- 13. Classification of pranayama and its benefits
- 14. Explain Cyclic Meditation
- 15. Describe types of stress
- 16. Explain any four asana and its benefits

#### **Section C**

[Answer any one. Each question carries 10 marks] (1x10=10 marks)

- 17. Explain stress and various yogic stress management techniques.
- 18. Explain Suryanamaskar and its benefits.